Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
Revision date / version: 16.08.2023 / 0011
Replacing version dated / version: 12.01.2023 / 0010
Valid from: 16.08.2023
PDF print date: 16.08.2023
COSMO® SL-660.250

(COSMOFEN 335 weiss)

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

COSMO® SL-660.250

(COSMOFEN 335 weiss)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:
Adhesive

Uses advised against:
No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Weiss Chemie + Technik GmbH & Co. KG
Hansastrasse 2
35708 Haiger
Tel: +49 (0) 2773 / 815-0
msds@weiss-chemie.de
www.weiss-chemie.de

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:
+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (WIC)
+1 872 5888271 (WIC)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Flam. Liq.	2	H225-Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Eye Irrit.	2	H319-Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	3	H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Danger

H225-Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319-Causes serious eye irritation. H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P243-Take action to prevent static discharges. P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P280-Wear eye protection.
P303+P361+P353-IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P305+P351+P338-IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P312-Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor if you feel unwell.
P403+P233-Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

EUH066-Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH208-Contains Diisodecyl phenyl phosphite. May produce an allergic reaction.

Butanone

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

n.a.

3.2 Mixtures

Butanone	Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119457290-43-XXXX
Index	606-002-00-3
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	201-159-0
CAS	78-93-3
content %	60-80
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	EUH066 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

Cyclohexanone	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119453616-35-XXXX
Index	606-010-00-7
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	203-631-1
CAS	108-94-1
content %	1-<3
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335

Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119489379-17-XXXX
Index	022-006-002
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	236-675-5
CAS	13463-67-7
content %	0,1-<1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Carc. 2, H351 (as inhalation)

Diisodecyl phenyl phosphite	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	247-098-3
CAS	25550-98-5
content %	0,1-<1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Skin Sens. 1, H317

Barium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	607-230-00-6
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	219-535-8
CAS	2457-01-4
content %	<0,3
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 1B, H360D

Impurities, test data and additional information may have been taken into account in classifying and labelling the product.
For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.
The addition of the highest concentrations listed here can result in a classification. Only when this classification is listed in Section 2 does it apply. In all other cases the total concentration is below the classification.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation
Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.
If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

Skin contact
Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact
Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion
Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Do not induce vomiting. Consult doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.
Headaches
Dizziness
Effects/damages the central nervous system
Coordination disorders
Unconsciousness
Sensitive individuals:
Allergic reaction possible.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

n.c.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media
CO2
Extinction powder
Water jet spray
Alcohol resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media
High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:
Oxides of carbon

Hydrogen chloride
Toxic gases
Explosive vapour/air or gas/air mixtures.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

For personal protective equipment see Section 8.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
According to size of fire
Full protection, if necessary.
Cool container at risk with water.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.
Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.
Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.
Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.
Keep non-essential personnel away.
Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.
Ensure sufficient supply of air.
Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

6.1.2 For emergency responders

See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.

6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.
Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
Prevent from entering drainage system.
If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Avoid inhalation of the vapours.
Ensure good ventilation.
If applicable, suction measures at the workstation or on the processing machine necessary.
Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.
Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
Handle and open container with care.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Store product closed and only in original packing.
Observe special storage conditions.
Do not store with flammable or self-igniting materials.
Solvent resistant floor
Protect from direct sunlight and warming.
Store cool.
Store in a dry place.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Adhesive
Observe the instructions for good working practice and the recommendations for risk assessment.
Consult hazardous substance information systems, e.g. from the professional associations, the chemical industry or different industries,
depending on the application (building materials, wood, chemistry, laboratory, leather, metal).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

GB	Chemical Name	Butanone		
WEL-TWA: 200 ppm (600 mg/m3) (WEL, EU)		WEL-STEL: 300 ppm (899 mg/m3) (WEL), 300 ppm (900 mg/m3) (EU)		---
Monitoring procedures:	-	Compur - KITA-122 SA(C) (549 277)		
	-	Compur - KITA-139 SB (549 731)		
	-	Compur - KITA-139 U (549 749)		
	-	DFG Meth.-Nr. 4 (D) (Loesungsmittelgemische 4), DFG (E) (Solvent mixtures 4) - 2015, 2002		
	-	INSHT MTA/MA-031/A96 (Determination of ketones (acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone) in air - Charcoal tube method / Gas chromatography) - 1996 - EU project		
	-	BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 105-1 (2004)		
	-	MDHS 72 (Volatile organic compounds in air – Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, thermal desorption and gas chromatography) - 1993		
	-	NIOSH 2500 (METHYL ETHYL KETONE) - 1996		
	-	NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996		
	-	NIOSH 2555 (KETONES I) - 2003		
	-	NIOSH 3800 (ORGANIC AND INORGANIC GASES BY EXTRACTIVE FTIR SPECTROMETRY) - 2016		
	-	OSHA 1004 (2-Butanone (MEK) Hexone (MIBK)) - 2000		
BMGV: 70 µmol butan-2-one/l in urine, post shift (BMGV)			Other information: Sk	

GB	Chemical Name	Cyclohexanone		
WEL-TWA: 10 ppm (41 mg/m3) (WEL), 10 ppm (40,8 mg/m3) (EU)		WEL-STEL: 20 ppm (82 mg/m3) (WEL), 20 ppm (81,6 mg/m3) (EU)		---
Monitoring procedures:	-	Compur - KITA-197 U (548 972)		
	-	MDHS 72 (Volatile organic compounds in air – Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, thermal desorption and gas chromatography) - 1993		
	-	MDHS 80 (Volatile organic compounds in air – Laboratory method using diffusive solid sorbent tubes, thermal desorption and gas chromatography) - 1995		
	-	NIOSH 1300 (KETONES I) - 1994		
	-	NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996		
	-	NIOSH 2555 (KETONES I) - 2003		
	-	OSHA 01 (Cyclohexanone) - 1979		
BMGV: 2 mmol cyclohexanol/mol creatinine in urine, post shift (BMGV)			Other information: Sk (WEL)	

GB	Chemical Name	Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)	
WEL-TWA: 10 mg/m3 (total inhalable dust), 4 mg/m3 (respirable dust)	WEL-STEL: ---		---
Monitoring procedures:	---		
BMGV: ---		Other information:	---

GB	Chemical Name	Barium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	
WEL-TWA: 0,5 mg/m3 (Barium compounds, soluble, as Ba (WEL, EU)	WEL-STEL: ---		---
Monitoring procedures:	---		
BMGV: ---		Other information:	---

GB	Chemical Name	Silicon dioxide	
WEL-TWA: 6 mg/m3 (total inh. dust), 2,4 mg/m3 (resp. dust)	WEL-STEL: ---		---
Monitoring procedures:	---		
BMGV: ---		Other information:	---

GB	Chemical Name	Poly vinyl chloride	
WEL-TWA: 10 mg/m3 (total inh. dust), 4 mg/m3 (res. dust)	WEL-STEL: ---		---
Monitoring procedures:	---		
BMGV: ---		Other information:	---

Butanone

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	55,8	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	55,8	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	284,74	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	284,7	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	22,5	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	709	mg/l	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	55,8	mg/l	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	1000	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term	DNEL	412	mg/kg bw/day	Overall assesment factor 2
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term	DNEL	106	mg/m3	Overall assesment factor 2
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term	DNEL	31	mg/kg bw/day	Overall assesment factor 2
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term	DNEL	1161	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term	DNEL	600	mg/m3	

Cyclohexanone

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,356	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,03 56	mg/l	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	3,23	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	2,69	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,328	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	10	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,269	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	1	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	20	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,5	mg/kg	

Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	40	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2,55	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,5	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	20	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	4	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	4	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	20	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	20	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	10	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	10	mg/m3	

Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,184	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,0184	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,193	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	100	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	1000	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	100	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	100	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	1667	mg/kg feed	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	700	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	10	mg/m3	

Silicon dioxide

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	60000	mg/kg feed	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	4	mg/m3	

GB WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

8.2 Exposure controls
8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.
Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.
These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.
EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Solvent resistant protective gloves (EN ISO 374).
Recommended
Protective gloves in butyl rubber (EN ISO 374).

Minimum layer thickness in mm:
>= 0,50
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
>= 60
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.
Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:
Solvent resistant protection clothing (EN 13034)

Respiratory protection:
If OES or MEL is exceeded.
Gas mask filter A (EN 14387), code colour brown
Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	White
Odour:	Characteristic Butanone
Melting point/freezing point:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	79 °C
Flammability:	Flammable
Lower explosion limit:	1,8 Vol-%
Upper explosion limit:	11,5 Vol-%
Flash point:	-4 °C
Auto-ignition temperature:	390 °C
Decomposition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
pH:	Mixture is non-soluble (in water).
Kinematic viscosity:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	Does not apply to mixtures.
Vapour pressure:	101 hPa (20°C)
Density and/or relative density:	~0,91 g/cm3 (20°C)
Relative vapour density:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Particle characteristics:	Does not apply to liquids.

9.2 Other information

Explosives:	Product is not explosive. When using: development of explosive vapour/air mixture possible.
Oxidising liquids:	No
Bulk density:	n.a.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
The product has not been tested.
10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reactions are known.
10.4 Conditions to avoid
See also section 7.
Heating, open flame, ignition sources
Electrostatic charge
10.5 Incompatible materials
Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.
Avoid contact with strong alkalis.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
See also section 5.2
No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

COSMO® SL-660.250

(COSMOFEN 335 weiss)

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>5	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Aerosol
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>20	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Butanone

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 423 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	34-34,5	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						STOT SE 3, H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):	NOAEC	1002	ppm	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative
Symptoms:						respiratory distress, drowsiness, unconsciousness, drop in blood pressure, coughing, headaches, cramps, intoxication, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting., mental confusion, fatigue
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEC	5041	ppm/6h/d	Rat	OECD 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity - 90-Day Study)	Vapours, Negative

Cyclohexanone

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	1800	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	1100	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	11	mg/l/4h	Rat		Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Skin Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Negative
Reproductive toxicity:					OECD 416 (Two-generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)	Negative

Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Up-and-Down Procedure)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>6,8	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Mechanical irritation possible.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Not sensitizising
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mammalian	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	(Ames-Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):				Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	No indications of such an effect.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						Not irritant (respiratory tract).
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	3500	mg/kg/d	Rat		(90d)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEC	10	mg/m3	Rat		(90d)
Symptoms:						mucous membrane irritation, coughing, respiratory distress, drying of the skin.

Diisodecyl phenyl phosphite

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	> 8,4	mg/l/1h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Mild irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Yes (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative

Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	1000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Developm. Tox. Screening Test)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEL	1000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Developm. Tox. Screening Test)	

Barium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:					OECD 437 (Bovine Corneal Opacity + Permeability Test for Identif. Ocular Corros. + Severe Irritants)	Eye Dam. 1
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):				Human being		Repr. 1B, Analogous conclusion

Silicon dioxide

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit		References
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>0,139	mg/l/4h	Rat		References, Maximum achievable concentration.
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant, Mechanical irritation possible., References
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						No indications of such an effect.
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):						No indications of such an effect.
Symptoms:						eyes, reddened

11.2. Information on other hazards

COSMO® SL-660.250

(COSMOFEN 335 weiss)

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Endocrine disrupting properties:						Does not apply to mixtures.
Other information:						No other relevant information available on adverse effects on health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

COSMO® SL-660.250

(COSMOFEN 335 weiss)

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Does not apply to mixtures.
12.7. Other adverse effects:							No information available on other adverse effects on the environment.

Butanone

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1690	mg/l	Lepomis macrochirus		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	2993	mg/l	Pimephales promelas	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	308	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	1972	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	96h	2029	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	98	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		0,29 -0,3			OECD 117 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - HPLC method)	Bioaccumulation is unlikely (LogPow < 1).
12.4. Mobility in soil:	H (Henry)		0,00 00244				25°C
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Log Koc		3,8				
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No vPvB substance, No PBT substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC0	16h	1150	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412 T.8	
Other information:	DOC		>70	%			
Other information:	BOD/COD		>50	%			

Cyclohexanone

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	90-100	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	527-732	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>100	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	>100	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	30min	>1000	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	

Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	16	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	U.S. EPA-600/9-78-018	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	42d	9,6				Not to be expected
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	14d	19-352				Oncorhynchus mykiss
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Negative
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:			>5000	mg/l	Escherichia coli		
Toxicity to bacteria:	LC0	24h	>10000	mg/l	Pseudomonas fluorescens		
Toxicity to annelids:	NOEC/NOEL		>1000	mg/kg	Eisenia foetida		
Water solubility:							Insoluble20 °C

Diisodecyl phenyl phosphite

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Leuciscus idus	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	45	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Product may hydrolyse.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Silicon dioxide

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>10000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>10000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EL50	72h	>10000	mg/l		OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Abiotically degradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not to be expected
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Not to be expected
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Poly vinyl chloride

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not biodegradable
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
E.g. suitable incineration plant.
Hardened product:
E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Empty container completely.
Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.
Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.
Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.
Residues may present a risk of explosion.
15 01 10 packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number: 1133
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
UN 1133 ADHESIVES
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 3
14.4. Packing group: II
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable
Tunnel restriction code: D/E
Classification code: F1
LQ: 5 L
Transport category: 2

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.1. UN number or ID number: 1133
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
UN 1133 ADHESIVES
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 3
14.4. Packing group: II
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable
EmS: F-E, S-D

Transport by air (IATA)

14.1. UN number or ID number: 1133
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
UN 1133 Adhesives
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 3
14.4. Packing group: II
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.
All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.
Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.
Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.
Danger code and packing code on request.
Comply with special provisions.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XVII
Barium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)
Comply with national regulations/laws governing maternity protection (national implementation of the Directive 92/85/EEC)!
Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered according to storage, handling etc.):

Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
P5c		5000	50000

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): ~ 77,2 %

National requirements/regulations on safety and health protection must be applied when using work equipment.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 3, 11, 12, 15
Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.
These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	Classification based on test data.

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
Revision date / version: 16.08.2023 / 0011
Replacing version dated / version: 12.01.2023 / 0010
Valid from: 16.08.2023
PDF print date: 16.08.2023
COSMO® SL-660.250

(COSMOFEN 335 weiss)

Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H336	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid
Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation
STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - dermal
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation
Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation
Eye Dam. — Serious eye damage
STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - respiratory tract irritation
Carc. — Carcinogenicity
Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization
Repr. — Reproductive toxicity

Key literature references and sources for data:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.
Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).
Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).
Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.
ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.
GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).
German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).
EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.
National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.
Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BCF Bioconcentration factor
BSEF The International Bromine Council
bw body weight
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DOC Dissolved organic carbon
dw dry weight
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN European Norms
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
ErCx, EμCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)
etc. et cetera
EU European Union
EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer
Fax. Fax number
gen. general
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Kow octanol-water partition coefficient
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
Log Koc Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient
LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)
NLP No-longer-Polymer
NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
ppm parts per million
PVC Polyvinylchloride
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
TOC Total organic carbon
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are
not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.
No responsibility.
These statements were made by:
Chemical Check GmbH, Chemical Check Platz 1-7, D-32839 Steinheim, Tel.: +49 5233 94 17 0, Fax: +49 5233 94 17 90