# SAFETY DATA SHEET



COSMO PU-160.110 (COSMOPUR 810)

### **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier : COSMO PU-160.110

(COSMOPUR 810)

Other means of identification

: Not available.

**Product type** : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Adhesive.

Area of application : Professional applications.

Supplier's details : Weiss USA LLC

P.O. Box 509

USA, Monroe, NC 28111-0509

For information, contact the Product Safety Department

Telephone no.: (001) 704 282 4496 E-Mail: Stephen@weiss-usa.com

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Stephen@weiss-usa.com

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

: +49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (WIC)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

**RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1** 

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2** 

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

**GHS** label elements

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Hazard pictograms**





#### Signal word

: Danger

#### **Hazard statements**

: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Precautionary statements**

#### General

: Not applicable.

#### **Prevention**

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required.

P280 - Wear protective gloves: 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. (≥0.35

mm). Protective hand cream.. Wear eye or face protection.

P285 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection: Recommended: A respirator is not needed under normal and intended conditions of product use. Use appropriate respiratory protection if there is a risk of exceeding any exposure limits. Filter A2 P2.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

: P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or

physician.

P302 + P352 + P362-2 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take

off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

#### **Storage**

: P405 - Store locked up.

**Disposal** 

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

#### **Hazards not otherwise**

classified

: None known.

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of
identification

: Mixture: Not available.

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Product code : Not available.

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	15-40	101-68-8
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	Not available.	10-30	9016-87-9
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	10-30	25322-69-4
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate	o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl) phenyl isocyanate	7-13	5873-54-1
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	Not available.	1-5	9016-87-9
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	0.1-1	2536-05-2
dibutyltin dilaurate	dibutyltin dilaurate	0.1-1	77-58-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eve contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma

symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides Isocyanate

Hydrogen cyanide (HCN).

Toxic gas

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Remark

: Not considered to be a product presenting a risk of explosion. Heating may cause an explosion.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store between the following temperatures: 15 to 25°C (59 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).  TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  CEIL: 0.02 ppm  CEIL: 0.2 mg/m³  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).  TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours.  TWA: 0.005 ppm 10 hours.  CEIL: 0.2 mg/m³ 10 minutes.  CEIL: 0.02 ppm 10 minutes.  OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).  CEIL: 0.02 ppm
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester

Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated

Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester

dibutyltin dilaurate

CEIL: 0.2 mg/m3

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as CN) 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as CN) 8 hours.

AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Aerosol **OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).** 

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as CN) 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as CN) 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. STEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 10 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (measured as Sn) 8 hours.

Form: Organic

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### Skin protection

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. (≥0.35 mm). Protective hand cream.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Long-sleeved protective clothing. Safety shoes.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: A respirator is not needed under normal and intended conditions of product use. Use appropriate respiratory protection if there is a risk of exceeding any exposure limits. Filter A2 P2

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. Color Brown. Odor Slight

**Odor threshold** : Not available. pН : Not applicable. **Melting point** : Not available. **Boiling point** : Not available. Flash point Not available. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable. Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

: Not available. Vapor pressure Vapor density Not available. **Relative density** : Not available.

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not applicable. **Decomposition temperature**  Not available. **SADT** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): 4500 mPa·s (4500 cP)

**Density** : 1.14 g/cm³ [20°C]

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical/chemical properties comments

: VOC content: 0.81%

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.

Hazardous polymerization may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. May polymerize on exposure or in contact to the following: heat [~260°C (500°F)].

**Conditions to avoid** 

: Protect from moisture. Keep away from heat.

Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: acids, amines, alkalis, alcohols, water.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	380 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	9200 mg/kg	-
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	490 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	49 g/kg	-
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
' '	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 to 2000 mg/ kg	-
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.31 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	490 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	49 g/kg	-
2,2'-methylenediphenyl	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>2.24 mg/l	1 hours

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

diisocyanate				
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9400 mg/kg	-
dibutyltin dilaurate	LD50 Oral	Rat	175 mg/kg	-

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
4,4'-methylenediphenyl	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
diisocyanate				milligrams	
•	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Isocyanic acid,	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
polymethylenepolyphenylene ester				milligrams	
	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	_	_	_
Propane-1,2-diol,	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
propoxylated				milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
Isocyanic acid,	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
polymethylenepolyphenylene ester				milligrams	
	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	_
dibutyltin dilaurate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
-	,			milligrams	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	

### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	skin		Not sensitizing
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria	Negative
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene	OECD 474 Mammalian Erythrocyte	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
ester 2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Micronucleus Test OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria	Negative

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Classification**

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester Isocyanic acid,	-	3 3	-
polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	-	3	

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	-	-	Negative	Rat	Oral	-
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	-	-	-	Rat	Oral	-

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester 2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate dibutyltin dilaurate	Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1	Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Oral	Not determined lungs lungs lungs lungs lungs Not determined

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma

symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low

levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

**Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity**: May damage the unborn child.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

**Developmental effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : May damage fertility.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral Inhalation (dusts and mists)	2994.6 mg/kg 1.08 mg/l

Other information : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	EC50 1.5 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
,	NOEC 1640 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish - Brachydanio rerio	96 hours
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magma	48 hours
,	Acute LC50 650000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	EC50 1.5 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Š	LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish - Brachydanio rerio	96 hours
dibutyltin dilaurate	Chronic EC10 >2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
4,4'-methylenediphenyl	302C Inherent	0 % - 28 days	-	-
diisocyanate	Biodegradability:			
•	Modified MITI			
	Test (II)			
Isocyanic acid,	302C Inherent	0 % - 28 days	-	-
polymethylenepolyphenylene	Biodegradability:			
ester	Modified MITI			
	Test (II)			
Propane-1,2-diol,	301F Ready	87 % - 28 days	-	-
propoxylated	Biodegradability -			
	Manometric			
	Respirometry			
	Test			
Isocyanic acid,	302C Inherent	0 % - 28 days	-	-

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# Section 12. Ecological information

polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)			
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	-	0 % - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
4,4'-methylenediphenyl	-	-	Not readily
diisocyanate			Notice all the
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene	-	-	Not readily
ester			
Propane-1,2-diol,	-	-	Readily
propoxylated			Not readily
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene	-	-	Not readily
ester			Not readily
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	-	-	Not readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	4.51	200	low
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	-0.68 to 0.01	-	low
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate	4.51	200	low
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	5.22	200	low
dibutyltin dilaurate	4.44	2.91	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3082	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate) RQ (4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate)	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	9	-	-
Packing group	III	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 15470.8 lbs / 7023.7 kg [1627.6 gal / 6161.2 L] The classification of the product is due solely to the presence of one or more US DOT-listed 'Hazardous substances' that are subject to reportable quantity requirements and only applies to shipments of packages greater than, or equal to, the product reportable quantity. Package sizes less than the product reportable quantity are not regulated as hazardous materials.  Limited quantity Yes.  Special provisions 8, 146, 173, 335, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29		

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate; isophthaloyl dichloride

**TSCA 8(c) calls for record of SAR**: Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester; 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate; Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester; 2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

**Clean Water Act (CWA) 307**: Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester; 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: benzoyl chloride

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

Class II Substances

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

(Procursor Chamicals)

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

#### **SARA 302/304**

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	15-40	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	10-30	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	10-30	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate	7-13	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	1-5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	0.1-1	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
dibutyltin dilaurate	0.1-1	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

**SARA 313** 

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	101-68-8 9016-87-9 9016-87-9	15-40 10-30 1-5
Supplier notification	Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	101-68-8 9016-87-9 9016-87-9	15-40 10-30 1-5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### State regulations

**Massachusetts** 

: The following components are listed: METHYLENE BISPHENYL ISOCYANATE (MDI)

**New York** 

: The following components are listed: Cyanides (soluble cyanide salts), not elsewhere specified; Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate; Cyanides (soluble cyanide salts), not elsewhere specified

**New Jersey** 

: The following components are listed: METHYLENE DIPHENYL DIISOCYANATE (POLYMERIC); ISOCYANIC ACID, POLYMETHYLENEPOLYPHENYLENE ESTER; METHYLENE BISPHENYL ISOCYANATE; BENZENE, 1,1'-METHYLENEBIS [4-ISOCYANATO-; DIISOCYANATES; METHYLENE DIPHENYL DIISOCYANATE (POLYMERIC); ISOCYANIC ACID, POLYMETHYLENEPOLYPHENYLENE ESTER; DIISOCYANATES

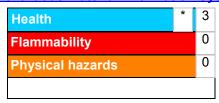
**Pennsylvania** 

: The following components are listed: CYANIDE COMPOUNDS; BENZENE, 1,1'-METHYLENEBIS[4-ISOCYANATO-; CYANIDE COMPOUNDS

#### California Prop. 65

### Section 16. Other information

#### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

#### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



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### Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

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Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard

International transport regulations

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version. **Indicates** information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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